UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/667,414	09/23/2003	Yoshikazu Shibamiya	03500.017590.	1079
5514 7590 03/03/2009 FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO				
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			PARRA, OMAR S	
NEW YORK, N	W YORK, NY 10112		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2421	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/03/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/667,414	SHIBAMIYA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	OMAR PARRA	2421	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addres	:s
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatior  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sl Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the n earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNI R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a b. briod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI catute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this commul BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) $\boxtimes$ Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\underline{0}$	This action is non-final. wance except for formal mat	•	rits is
Disposition of Claims			
4)  Claim(s) 1,3,8,29-32 and 34 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1,3,8,29-32 and 34 is/are rejected 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	drawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	accepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeya rrection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). I(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docum application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. nents have been received in A priority documents have beer reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No  received in this National Stac	ge
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application 	

Application/Control Number: 10/667,414 Page 2

Art Unit: 2421

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims **1**, **3**, **8**, **29-32 and 34** have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims **1**, **3**, **29-31** and **34** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shoff et al. (hereinafter 'Shoff', Patent No. 6,240,555) in view of Radford et al. (hereinafter 'Radford', Pub. No. 2002/0144276).

Regarding claims 1 and 30, Shoff teaches a receiving apparatus (26, Fig. 2; col. 4 lines 22-34 or 64, Fig. 4; col. 7 lines 9-18) with respective method), comprising: a reception unit (100, Fig. 5) constructed to receive image data transmitted through a network different from a broadcast wave (modem 100 receives supplemental data, i.e. video as in col. 5 lines 13-22, from an ISP through network 2 Fig. 5, different from the broadcast network, i.e. Internet, col. 7 lines 26-35; col. 8 lines 14-18),

a broadcast signal receiving unit (tuner 98, Fig. 5) constructed to receive a broadcast signal from the broadcast wave, (col. 7 lines 19-25) wherein the broadcast signal receiving unit derives, from the broadcast signal, broadcast program image data and event information including at least a URL for specifying the receiving image data and size and position information of a display area in which an image is displayed based on the image data received by said reception unit (a URL, indicating from which server the additional interactive data can be downloaded, col. 5 lines 24-32; col. 6 lines 8-67 and additional layout information are used to obtain the supplemental data, col. 9 line 66-col. 10 line 58. This data can be transmitted on the EPG data –col. 7 lines 1-8, which one of ordinary skill in the art knows can be transmitted continuously or periodically with the channel data- or through an additional data channel separated from the video data, col. 9 lines 9-19, for a future user or automatically activation of the URL, col. 9 line 20-col. 10 line 17);

a control unit for requesting data of the image data specified by the URL from the transmitting apparatus which is a transmission source of the image data, in accordance with the event information received by said broadcast signal receiving unit (processor 92, Fig. 5 controls the modem when requesting the supplemental information to the server using the received URL, col. 8 lines 4-51; 160, 170-174, Fig. 6);

an output unit constructed to output to a display apparatus the image data received by said reception unit and the broadcast program image data received by said broadcast signal receiving unit so that the display apparatus displays the image data and the broadcast program image data in a Picture-in-Picture format by the display

apparatus (processor 92, Fig. 5, receives both signals from the tuner and modem, and according to the location and size information received with the URL, sizes and sends the mixed signal to the display in a Picture-in-Picture manner, col. 9 line 60-col. 10 line 66 or steps 180 and 182, Fig. 7),

wherein said control unit is arranged to, when the broadcast program image data received by said broadcast signal receiving unit and the image data received by said reception unit are displayed by the display apparatus in the Picture-in-Picture format, change a display size of each of the image data received by said reception unit and the broadcast program image data in accordance with the size information included in the event information included in the broadcast signal corresponding to the displayed broadcast program (the sizes of the displayed Picture-in-Picture screen can be modified upon user interaction or upon timing information received along with the URL, steps 182, 184 and 186, Fig. 7; col. 11 lines 48-65).

On the other hand, although Shoff teaches requesting the supplemental information, i.e. video, from an internet server based on the received URL information, Shoff does not explicitly teach of receiving transmission mode information as to a plurality of transmission modes of a transmitting apparatus in transmitting the image data, the transmission mode information including different combinations of pixel number information and transmission rate information and selecting one transmission mode from the transmission mode information received by said reception unit.

However, in an analogous art, Radford teaches a system where a user can receive a stream of video from an internet server and the user is able to vary or modify

Art Unit: 2421

the video quality (resolution, bit-rate, etc) using a user interface program ([0008], [0009], [0017], [0029]). Said program gives the user different bit-rate levels and resolutions supported with that bit-rate ([0024], [0025]). Those displayed possible combinations of bit-rate and resolutions are calculated or established by either a program (user interface) that can be stored on the client or at the server ([0008], [0011], [0019], [0023]-[0025], . Also, that combination of bit-rate and resolutions shown to the user can be the available bit-rates and the different qualities of the files available at the server ([0031]-[0032]). Therefore, if the user interface is downloaded from the server and used to calculate the possible rates and resolutions, then the server sent information (user interface program) that indicates the user the possible bitrates and resolutions for the streamed video. Furthermore, if the user interface program is resident at the client, and a listing of bitrates and qualities available at the server for the streamed video is displayed to the user, then, inherently, a transmission of said information indicating the available bitrates and qualities from the server to the client needs to be performed. The initial quality level of the stream can be determined by the server, the user or automatically by the client ([0011], [0019]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Shoff's invention with Radford's feature of sending information from the server to the client to inform the user and the client of the available transfer information (streaming speeds and resolutions) for the benefit of "providing streamed data to users in a format appropriate to user's connection speed an

Art Unit: 2421

that allows a user to actively control the quality of video being delivered", (Radford, [0006]).

Regarding claims 3 and 31, Shoff and Radford teach wherein said control unit selects the transmission mode having a transmission rate lower than that of a maximum reception speed in which said reception unit can receive image data through said network (Radford: [0011], [0022], [0025], [0029]).

Regarding claims 29 and 34, Shoff and Radford teach wherein the event information further includes information discriminating the image data (Shoff: the received information discriminates or identifies the supplemental information by including pointing out where it is located, layout information and timing information for specifying the start time of the supplemental content or to specify on what program frame the supplemental information has to be played with, col. 6 lines 7-48; col. 9 line 60-col. 10 line 17).

4. Claims **8 and 32** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shoff et al. (hereinafter 'Shoff', Patent No. 6,240,555) in view of Radford et al. (hereinafter 'Radford', Pub. No. 2002/0144276) in further view of Ellison et al. (hereinafter 'Ellison', Patent No. 7,058,721, of record).

Regarding claims 8 and 32, Shoff and Radford teach all the limitations of the claims they depend on. On the other hand, Shoff and Radford do not explicitly teach having a buffer memory for storing the image data received by said reception unit and changes an amount of data to be stored in said buffer memory according to the transmission mode in which the transmission is requested to be performed.

However, in an analogous art, Ellison teaches a client device, which contains a buffer, that is able to dynamically change the quality of a streamed content and when changing the transmission rate or the quality of the video, additional information is sent down to the client to let know the timing when the buffer needs to be emptied for receiving the next frame for processing. This is based on the rate and quality at which the content is being transmitted (238, Table 2 on col. 10; 243, Table 4, col. 11; col. 16 line 32- col. 17 line 19; col. 18 lines 36-46).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to an ordinary skilled in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Shoff and Radford's invention with Ellison's feature of sending additional information to the decoder when the transmission rate is dynamically modified for the benefit of avoiding buffer overflow when processing.

## Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Application/Control Number: 10/667,414 Page 8

Art Unit: 2421

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to OMAR PARRA whose telephone number is (571)270-1449. The examiner can normally be reached on 9-6 PM (M-F, every other Friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John W. Miller can be reached on 571-272-7353. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/667,414 Page 9

Art Unit: 2421

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/John W. Miller/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2421

OP